

FOUR BANDITS HOLD UP A TROLLEY CAR IN BROOKLYN.

Assault the Conductor with Sticks and Rob Him While a Car Full of Women and Children are Screaming.

Cries Are Heard at Police Station and Captain Gans and Detective Whitney Come to the Rescue.

Robbers Engage Officers in a Fierce Fight, but the Police Draw Guns and Capture All Four.

A Gates avenue trolley car, loaded with eighty passengers, mostly women and children, who were returning from a private picnic at Ridgewood, was held up at 8:30 last night by four highwaymen, in Myrtle avenue, between Nicholas and Cypress avenues, Brooklyn.

The conductor was beaten nearly to death and robbed of all the money in his possession.

The men, who appeared to have been drinking heavily, got on the car at the Queens County line and refused to pay their fares to Conductor Max Blank. They threatened to kill Blank if he stopped the car or called for help, and Blank kept the car going, hoping that he would be able to reach the police station in Ridgewood before they carried out their threats.

When the car got within a block and a half of the station one of the robbers rang the bell to stop, and at a signal the four men attacked Blank with heavy sticks and knocked him down. While two of his assailants held him the others went through the conductor's pockets and took all the money he had, about \$6.

There were only four male passengers in the car, and when they made a show of going to the assistance of Blank the thieves threatened to kill them if they left their seats.

The badly scared women and children could not be kept quiet by the threats and threats of the thieves, and their screams were heard by Acting Captain Gans and Detective Whitney of the Ridgewood Police Station.

They ran to the car and began a fierce battle with thieves. The thieves were getting the better of the fight when the policemen drew their revolvers and threatened to shoot if the men did not surrender.

This brought the thieves to terms and, badly battered and disfigured, they were locked up.

They said they were Frederick Walker, aged twenty-two, of No. 211 Hamburg avenue, William Mansfield, aged twenty-five, of No. 427 Kullerbocker avenue, Peter and Abner Kleinmeyer, brothers, of No. 210 Hiram street.

Money taken from the conductor was found in the pocket of one of the thieves. The men were strangers, and the police do not know whether they have a criminal record or not.

They are charged with felonious assault and highway robbery.

PRESIDENT MCKINLEY CALLS FOR HIS OVERCOAT.
He Did Not Attend Church Yesterday, and at Night the Weather Man Sent a Cold Wave.

Plattsburg, July 30.—President McKinley did not attend church to-day, as he had intended to do, but remained at the hotel with Mrs. McKinley. This morning he went for a long walk with his old friend Commander Buckingham, of the navy, and after luncheon he was out for a short walk with Dr. Hays. Mrs. McKinley continues to improve steadily.

To-night the weather has turned cold, steam has been turned on in every room in the hotel and overcoats and wraps are in demand. It is clear that there will probably be a light frost to-morrow.

The President is much interested in the progress of affairs in the republic of Santo Domingo, and he reads the news with great eagerness. The New York and Washington morning papers do not reach here until 7:30 p. m., so the evening is always spent by the President in reading them.

The students at the Catholic Summer School of America are very anxious to have the President visit the grounds, which are only about a mile from the hotel, and he has promised to do so as soon as Mrs. McKinley's health will permit.

DUM-DUM BULLETS AT JOLIET PENITENTIARY.
Guards of the Illinois Prison Supplied with the Mauser Rifle and the Barbarous Projectile.

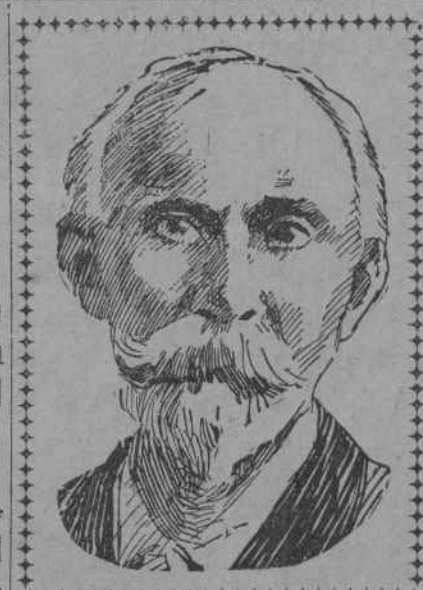
Chicago, July 30.—Every guard on the penitentiary walls at Joliet is armed with a new Mauser rifle loaded with the "dum-dum" bullet, that was denounced in the Peace Conference at The Hague as a barbarous implement of warfare.

This is said to be the first instance of its use in the United States.

The bullets used at Joliet are made by an American firm, and they are described on the label of the boxes that contain them as "soft nose bullets." When they are fired into the body the soft nose flattens and spreads and the long projectile assumes the shape of a mushroom.

One of the projectiles makes a small hole on entering, but on passing out it tears away the flesh and leaves a ragged wound, sometimes as large as a man's hand.

CRUISER NEWARK TO CROSS THE PACIFIC.
Lima, Peru, July 30.—The United States cruiser Newark will, it is announced, probably remain at Callao for a fortnight and then proceed to San Francisco to receive Admiral Kautz. Afterward she will proceed to Honolulu, and, according to some rumors, may go to Manila.



General Maximino Gomez. The Revolutionists of Santo Domingo are going to send a delegation to him to offer the Defender of Cuba the Presidency of his mother country.

THEY WANT GOMEZ FOR PRESIDENT.

Delegation Representing the Revolutionists Will Go to Cuba to Tender the Place to the Old Soldier.

Puerto Plata, July 30.—The situation is critical. An outbreak is momentarily expected. The friends of the Government are under arms and ready for action to protect property and preserve the peace.

A feeble attempt was made to seize the body of President Heurieux by the assassins, Ramon Caerres, Manuel Caerres, Horacio Vazquez and Domingo Pichardo, who are in the country about Moca with their followers.

The burial of President Heurieux was conducted with fitting honors.

Governor Pepin has assembled troops in Moca, and the Governor of La Vega Real has 1,000 men. The Minister of the Treasury has arrived at Moca in hot haste.

The Government is taking steps for the protection of business and the finances of the country, and expects to carry out the contemplated cancellation of the State bank notes.

In Puerto Plata there is an urgent demand that the Government send a sufficient force to Moca to hunt down the assassins of the President.

Kington, Jamaica, July 30.—A private cable dispatch received here by way of Cape Haytien reports that the revolution in Santo Domingo is steadily growing.

The dispatch says that the real reason for the detention of President Heurieux's body at Santiago and its internment there was that the country between Santiago and Puerto Plata is occupied by the insurgents, who, abandoning their plan of occupying Moca as a base of operations, are concentrating to attack Puerto Plata, which is feebly garrisoned.

Great excitement prevails owing to the fact that the Government has not been able to learn the extent of the ramifications of the revolution and is growing demoralized through the death of the President.

In the event of the revolution succeeding, according to this private cablegram, it is probable that Jimenez and Jilones, the reputed leaders of the revolution, will agree to retire, offering the Presidency to General Maximino Gomez, who would prove acceptable to all parties.

A deputation, it is said, is going to Cuba to confer with Gomez.

MORE WAR SHIPS MAY GO TO SANTO DOMINGO.

Washington, July 30.—More war vessels will be sent to Santo Domingo if the circumstances develop a necessity. The department has plenty of ships at its command.

"The Machias, I believe, should arrive at Santo Domingo City to-morrow afternoon, and the New Orleans probably on Wednesday."

This statement was made by Secretary Long to-night, after he had been informed that affairs had taken a critical turn in Santo Domingo, and that a widespread revolution was imminent.

The news from Santo Domingo to-day indicates a rapidly approaching crisis in that country. If the indications of to-night's dispatches are realized, the United States Navy Department will send more war ships to the island as a prudential measure.

The two vessels are enough to demolish the seaports of Santo Domingo, but as the purpose is to protect lives and property, the ships' chief utility will be to send ashore landing parties.

A tentative programme has been mapped out. If the situation becomes as critical as the news indicates it will, marines and blue jackets will be landed at Santo Domingo City. The Custom House will be invested and other public buildings will have cannons thrown about them.

Marines will also guard the approaches to the town, while several flying columns will be sent through the hotbed of the revolutionary party to prevent the assembling of hostile forces and to protect the interior districts that may be threatened. With the little police force at present, there will be little opportunity for trouble. It is expected, if it becomes obvious that President Figueroa's Government is not sufficiently strong to guarantee absolute pacification, this Government will take temporary control of the country, assuming in effect a protectorate.

BURGLAR TOOK A BIBLE; LEFT RICH PLATE BEHIND.
Mount Vernon, N. Y., July 30.—What must have been a pious burglar entered Grace Methodist Church, at Wakefield, some time during last night and stole the large Bible that has graced the church altar since the edifice was built, twenty years ago.

So far as is known, the Bible was the sole fruit of the burglary. The Bible was a beautiful silk evening gown and arrayed in a close in the church was the silver communion service.

Besides the communion plate there were a number of valuable altar ornaments in plain sight, but even these were not disturbed.

RICH WOMAN TAKEN IN BALL GOWN TO BELLEVUE.

Daughter of the Late Ezekiel J. Donnell Becomes Suddenly Violently Insane at Night in the Plaza Hotel.

Decked Herself with Diamonds and Ran Shrieking Through the Corridors, Almost Causing a Panic Among the Guests.

She Is Miss Florence Donnell, and Her Mind Had Been Affected by the Death of Her Mother Two Months Ago.

Covered with diamonds and arrayed in an



WAITING FOR THE RELIEF TRAIN.

evening gown, Miss Florence Donnell, of No. 44 West Fifty-eighth street, was yesterday morning at 3 o'clock driven from the Plaza Hotel to Bellevue Hospital a raving maniac, shrieking for aid to passers by and burying her nails in the faces of her attending physician, Dr. T. F. Allen, and his assistants.

Miss Donnell is forty years old and very rich, being the daughter of the late Ezekiel J. Donnell, who died about a year ago and left a large estate. After the death of her father Miss Donnell lived with her mother, Mrs. Lydia Donnell, in the handsome brownstone dwelling at the above address, the house being one of the series known in the neighborhood as Harriman row—all of them luxurious establishments.

Two months ago Mrs. Donnell also died, and her death strangely affected the mind of the daughter. Formerly cheerful, she became morose and despondent. Soon her melancholia assumed the form of acute insanity.

Cruel Form of Dementia.
She believed herself persecuted and in constant danger of violent death at the hands of her servants and attendants. Even her physician was unable to quiet her nervous terror.

About ten days ago her delusions became so violent that in a paroxysm of terror she tried to end her life. She procured two revolvers which she belonged to her father, and, shouting to one of the servants to prepare her funeral, locked herself in her room. She then shot at the windows and, when the door was broken in, the unfortunate woman was found raving, pinning at the trigger of one of the revolvers.

The next morning Miss Donnell procured by some unknown means a bottle of diluted carbolic acid. She swallowed a large quantity of it, but was saved by the timely arrival of Dr. Allen, who, with the aid of a stomach pump, managed to resuscitate her.

It was thought that a change of scene might help to remove some of the patient's delusions, and at her physician's instance she was on Tuesday taken to the Plaza Hotel—within a few doors of her residence—and given to the care of two trained nurses.

Decked Herself as for a Ball.
Yesterday morning at about 3 o'clock Miss Donnell quietly arose, donned a beautiful silk evening gown and arrayed herself in all the family diamonds. She then ran out in the hall, passing the sleeping nurses, and, shrieking at the top of her voice for assistance, made her way down to the hotel office.

Her cries almost created a panic among the guests of the hotel, who ran out from their rooms in all sorts of deshabille attire.

She was finally restrained by employees of the hotel, to whom she explained that there was a plot on foot to kill her, imploring them to help her.

It was thought best to take the frantic woman to Bellevue Hospital, and an ambulance was sent for. Before its arrival, however, Dr. Allen, who had arrived in the meantime, took his patient to the hospital in a private conveyance. She was placed in the insane pavilion, under the care of Dr. S. W. Robertson.

Dr. Robertson said yesterday afternoon that Miss Donnell was in a highly nervous condition, but that he would hold his professional opinion as to her sanity until Dr. Allen Fitch, State Examiner of Insane, had prepared his diagnosis.

Many Anxious Visitors Call.
A number of friends in carriages called at Bellevue yesterday to see Miss Donnell. They were refused permission to see the patient, as her condition was still critical. All of the callers declined to give their names.

The servants at Miss Donnell's establishment are grief-stricken, and roundly abused the Plaza Hotel servants for sending their mistress to a public institution. There are seven of them, a coachman, groom, chef and four waiters. They all called at the hospital during the day, but were not permitted to see their mistress.

Elliott P. Wheeler, the noted lawyer and reformer, has charge of Miss Donnell's interests. He lives at 731 Park avenue, but could not be found yesterday.

THIEVES ROB THE VICTIMS OF THE ERIE RAILROAD DISASTER.



Scenes at the Disaster on the Erie Railroad. (Sketched on the spot by a Journal artist.)

Loot the Cars While the Injured Lie Unsheltered in the Rain.

TWO DEAD, 33 INJURED.

All of the Passengers Will Recover—Three Are Still Missing.

KILLED.
OUTWATER, STEPHEN, of Port Jervis; engineer of the passenger train.
SELLS, FRANK, of Port Jervis; fireman of the passenger train.

PASSENGERS INJURED.
STEPHENS, C. L., No. 117 Garfield avenue, Chicago; back bruised.
JAVIS, R. M., No. 50 Broadway, New York; head cut.
BOYD, G. H., Sharon, Pa.; scalp wound.
BOYD, MRS. G. H.; bruised on the back and shoulders.
VIEW, E., No. 3 East Third street, New York; cut on head and right arm.
MOOZ, MRS. J., No. 40 Mercer street, Cleveland, O.; back strained.
DODGE, J. A., New York; leg bruised.
BELZ, G. E.; Cleveland, O.; cut on the head and hand bruised. Mr. Belz is a stenographer in the office of Manager Thomas, of the Erie.
PARKER, L. B., No. 21 Cortlandt street, New York; left hand badly burned.
HEATH, MRS. F. C., No. 1838 Seventh avenue, New York; cut on the head; back injured.
WOODHEAD, J. E., No. 1516 Ellis avenue, Chicago; back strained.
CAMPBELL, —, New York; internally injured.
MULFORD, FLORENCE ADEL, Newark; bruised.
HUNT, MRS. ELIZABETH, Newark; scalp wound.
MERGOTT, F. L., Newark, N. J.; slight contusion and burn on left leg.
FITZPATRICK, F. S., No. 117 Seventeenth avenue, Denver; bruises.
MOORE, JEANETTE, Cleveland, O.; bruises.
FRAYBOLD, W., No. 62 Jefferson street, Hoboken; hands slightly burned.
COLLINS, A. S., No. 244 West avenue, Buffalo; head cut.
SMITH, RICHARD, No. 238 Milwaukee street, Chicago; scalp wound.

TRAIN HANDS INJURED.
SIEBA, BERNARD, Port Jervis; engineer of the freight train; penis broken.
SMITH, FRED, Port Jervis; brakeman of the freight train; right leg broken.
PARSONS, —, fireman of the freight train.

The train, when it reached the Selkirk range of mountains to-day, was sidetracked within twenty minutes' walk of the base of the great glacier. Alfred Vanderbilt and his friends were escorted by guides to the glacier, with its deep crevasses.

Young Vanderbilt and Douglas Cochran permitted the guides to lower them into one of the minor crevasses with the aid of ropes, descending eighty-five feet into the icy gorge, where the temperature was extremely low.

YOUNG VANDERBILT IN GLACIAL ICE.
Alfred and a Fellow Traveler Lowered Into a Glacier.

Glacier, B. C., July 30.—It is expected that Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt, son of Cornelius Vanderbilt, and his friends who are accompanying him on a trip around the world, will sail from Vancouver to-morrow on the steamer Empress of Japan, and that they will reach Yokohama in about ten days.

The members of the party have so far greatly enjoyed the trip through the Rocky Mountains, over the Canadian Pacific Railway. The travellers telegraphed ahead for game and fish, and as a result their private car has been well stocked with choice provisions.

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BIG ADIRONDACK TOWN PRACTICALLY BURNED UP.
Tupper Lake Junction, July 29.—Tupper Lake, the business centre of the Adirondacks, has been practically destroyed by fire which started this morning. Seventy-three substantial buildings were burned, four hotels and twenty-four business houses. The loss is \$175,000; insurance \$50,000.

YELLOW FEVER IN SOLDIERS' HOME AT HAMPTON.

Ten Deaths Have Been Reported, and There Are Said to Be Thirty Cases Among the Old Veterans.

No Fear of Spreading, as Strict Quarantine Has Been Established at Newport News and Other Nearby Points.

There Are 4,000 Veterans of the Civil War in the Home, and It Is Frequently Visited by Parties of Excursionists.

Newport News, Va., July 30.—Thirty cases of yellow fever in the National Soldiers' Home at Hampton and ten deaths in the last two days is the startling news that comes from the reservation to-night.

This city is naturally excited, and Hampton and Old Point have quarantined against the Home, and Newport News will follow suit early in the morning.

It was learned from an official source late this evening that there is no doubt regarding the nature of the disease. The epidemic appeared in the home early a week ago, but the physicians have been in doubt regarding its nature and did not decide until to-day that it was the genuine scourge.

Then steps were at once taken to protect the public. The cars were prevented from running within half a mile of the reservation. It is feared, however, that much damage has already been done, as there were two or three excursions from the interior to-day which spent Sunday on the beach and in Hampton.

There were seven deaths yesterday and three to-day. More than 4,000 veterans of the civil war are sheltered in this home.

As it is a Government reservation, the United States Naval Hospital Service will probably take charge of the epidemic, and it is not unlikely that Surgeon-General Sternberg will be requested to come down and look over the field.

Washington Taking Prompt Steps.
Washington, July 29.—Surgeon-General Wyman, of the Marine Hospital Service, was informed on Saturday night of an outbreak of what is feared was yellow fever at the National Soldiers' Home at Hampton, and immediately dispatched surgeons in the service from Wilmington, N. C., Norfolk and Washington to investigate the sickness there, report on its character to the authorities here and to take measures to prevent the spread of the disease.

Dr. Wyman himself will go to Hampton in a few days to take charge of the work of preventing a spread of the disease if it develops into genuine yellow fever. Two of the surgeons dispatched to the home reported to-day that the symptoms very much resembled those of yellow fever and that, while they could not be positive in their diagnosis as yet, they were inclined to the belief that the illness was the dreaded yellow jack. The Government will adopt strict precautionary measures to prevent a spread of the disease and will fight its progress with all the skill and resources at its command.

Surgeon-General Sternberg, of the army, declared to an Associated Press reporter at a late hour to-night that he has no official knowledge of the reported outbreak of yellow fever at Hampton. Still, he said, he might not get the earliest news in such a case, as reports probably would be first sent to the managers of the board of soldiers' homes.

THREE DROWNED, TWO SAVED.
Philadelphia, July 30.—By the capsizing of a small boat in the Delaware River early this morning Otto Kampf, aged thirty-seven years; his son Albert, aged eight, and Christian Osterlago, Kampf's brother-in-law, thirty years old, were drowned.

Two others, Frank Knauer and Louis Merins, were rescued after clinging for over an hour to the upturned boat. Kampf's body was recovered this afternoon.

Continued on Second Page.